



**ANIMAL CONTROL ORDINANCE**

**Approved: (\_\_\_\_\_ 2022)**

**Ordinance: (*Ordinance #*)**

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## 5-1-1 POLICY AND PURPOSE

The purpose of this ordinance is to provide protection for the people of Lee County, to ensure their health, safety, and welfare, and to provide harmonious relationships between people and animals by:

- A. Protecting the resident of Lee County from rabies by implementing preventative and control measures as may be deemed necessary;
- B. Providing security to residents from annoyance, intimidation, and injury from dogs and other animals;
- C. Protecting animals from improper use, abuse, neglect, inhumane treatment, and health hazards;
- D. Encouraging responsible pet ownership;
- E. Educating the public on rabies and other related issues;
- F. Providing the assessment of penalties for violations and for the enforcement and administration of 510 ILCS 5/1 (Illinois Animal Control Act), 510 ILCS 70/3 (Humane Care for Animals Act), and this Ordinance.

## 5-1-2 COVERAGE AREA

Lee County Animal Control provides animal control services to the unincorporated areas of Lee County and to municipalities that contract with Lee County Animal Control for animal control services.

## 5-1-3 DEFINITIONS

As used in this article the following terms shall mean as indicated below:

**ANIMAL CONTROL ACT:** The Animal Control Act, 510 ILCS 5/1 through 5/27, as amended.

**ADEQUATE CARE:** Shall include but not be limited to medical treatment for illness, injury, disease, excessive parasitism, or any malformations.

**ADEQUATE FOOD:** Means food that is not spoiled or contaminated and is of sufficient quantity and quality to meet the normal daily requirements for the condition and size of the animal and the environment in which it is kept. An animal shall be fed or have food available at least once each day, unless a licensed veterinarian instructs otherwise, or withholding is in accordance with accepted agricultural or veterinarian practices.

**ADEQUATE WATER:** Means fresh, potable water provided at suitable intervals for the species, and which, in no event, shall exceed 24 hours at any interval. The animal must have access to the water.

**ADEQUATE SHELTER:** means a moisture proof structure which has 4 sides, a roof, floor, and bedding of suitable size to allow the pet to stand up, lie down, and turn around in a natural position and allow retention of body heat, made of durable material with a solid floor raised off the ground as to not allow water to pool in the structure and with the entrance protected from direct wind and rain. The shelter shall be placed to provide shade from the sun and protection from the weather.

**ADMINISTRATOR:** A veterinarian licensed by the State of Illinois and appointed pursuant to this Act, or in the event a veterinarian cannot be found and appointed pursuant to this Act, a non-veterinarian

may serve as administrator under this Act. In the event the administrator is not a veterinarian, the administrator shall defer to the veterinarian regarding all medical decisions.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.01*

**ANIMAL:** Any animal, other than man, which may be affected by rabies

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.02*

**ANIMAL CONTROL FACILITY, COUNTY POUND:** Any facility approved by the administrator for the purpose of enforcing the Act and used as a shelter for seized, stray, homeless, abandoned, or unwanted dogs.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.18*

**ANIMAL CONTROL WARDEN; ANIMAL CONTROL OFFICER:** Any person appointed by the administrator to perform the duties set forth in the Animal Control Act

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.03*

**BEDDING:** Material that will provide warmth and comfort that can be disposed of when compromised by weather, such as straw or wood shavings.

**BACKYARD BREEDER:** is a breeder with little or no experience or knowledge who breeds animals with little planning or preparation, often providing only substandard conditions of care and does not engage in selective breeding practices. And does not have a current permit from Lee County Animal Control.

**BREEDER:** means a person or entity who sells, offers to sell, exchanges, or offers for adoption with or without charge dogs or cats that he or she has produced and raised.

*State Law Reference – similar provisions 225 ILCS 605/2*

**CARETAKER/KEEPER:** Any individual, kennel operator, training facility, boarding facility, or breeder who assumes care of an animal for a period of 24 hours or more.

**CAT:** All domestic members of the feline family Felis Catus

*State Law Reference- 510ILCS 5/2.04a*

**COMPANION ANIMAL:** Means an animal that is commonly considered to be, or is considered by the owner to be, a pet. "Companion animal" includes, but is not limited to, canines, felines, and equines.

*State law reference- similar provisions 510 ILCS 70/2.01a*

**CONFINED:** The restriction of an animal at all times by the owner, or his agent, to an escape proof building or other enclosure away from other animals and the public.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.05*

**DANGEROUS DOG:** Any individual dog anywhere other than upon the property of the owner or custodian of the dog and not muzzled, not leashed, or unattended by its owner or custodian that behaves in a manner that a reasonable person would believe poses a serious and unjustified imminent threat of serious physical injury or death to a person or a companion animal or a dog that, without justification, bites a person and does not cause serious physical injury.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.05A*

**DEPARTMENT:** The Department of Agriculture of the State of Illinois

*State Law reference – Similar provisions 510 ILCS 5/2.06*

DEPUTY ADMINISTRATOR: A veterinarian licensed by the State of Illinois, appointed by the Administrator.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions 510 ILCS 5/2.07*

DIRECTOR: The director of the department of agriculture of the state, or his duly appointed representative.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions 510 ILCS 5/2.08*

DOG: All domestic members of the canine family *Canis familiaris*.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions 510 ILCS 5/2.11*

FERAL CAT; BARN CAT: A cat that (i) is born of the wild or is the offspring of an owned or feral cat and is not socialized, (ii) is a formerly owned cat that has been abandoned and is no longer socialized, or (iii) lives on a farm.

*State Law reference--Similar Provision, (510 ILCS 5/2.11b)*

FOSTER HOME: means an entity that accepts the responsibility for stewardship of animals that are the obligation of an animal shelter or animal control facility, not to exceed 4 foster animals or 2 litters less than 8 weeks of age at any given time. A written agreement to operate as a "foster home" shall be contracted with the animal shelter or animal control facility.

*State Law reference- similar provisions 225 ILCS 605/2*

HAS BEEN BITTEN: Has been seized with the teeth or jaws so that the person or animal seized has been nipped, gripped, wounded, or pierced. The phrase further includes contact of saliva with any break or abrasion of the skin.

*State Law reference – Similar provision, 510 ILCS 5/2.12*

HUMANE CARE FOR ANIMALS ACT: The Humane Care for Animals Act, 510 ILCS 70/1 through 70/3, as amended.

IMPOUNDED: Taken into custody by Lee County Animal Control in the city, town, or county where the animal was found.

*State Law reference- similar provision (510 ILCS 5/2.12a)*

INOCULATIONS AGAINST RABIES: The injection of an anti-rabies vaccine approved by the department.

*State Law provisions – Similar provisions 510 ILCS 5/2.13*

INTACT ANIMAL; UNALTERED ANIMAL: Means an animal that has not been spayed or neutered.

*State law provisions-similar provision (510 ILCS 5/2.11c)*

KITTEN: All members of the feline family *Felis Catus*, whether male or female, under four (4) months of age.

LEASH: A cord, rope, strap or chain which shall be securely fastened to the collar or harness of a dog or other animal and shall be of sufficient strength to keep such dog or other animal under control.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.14*

**LIVESTOCK GUARDIAN DOG OR WORKING DOG:** A dog bred for the purpose of protecting livestock/property from predators.

**OWNER:** Any person having a right of property in an animal, or who keeps or harbors an animal, or who has it in his care, or acts as its custodian, or who knowingly permits a domestic animal to remain on or about any premises occupied by him. "Owner" does not include a feral cat caretaker participating in a trap, spay/neuter, return or release program approved by the Administrator.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.16*

**PHYSICAL INJURY:** The impairment of physical condition.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.18A*

**POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS DOG:** (i) A dog that is unsupervised and found running at large unsupervised with three (3) or more other dogs or (ii) any dog, while off the property of its owner and not under the owner's restraint that has bitten a companion animal or a human and does not cause serious injury or death on more than one occasion.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.17C*

**PUPPY:** All members of the canine family *Canis familiaris*, whether male or female, under four (4) months of age.

**RECKLESS DOG OWNER:** "Reckless dog owner" means a person who owns a dog that while anywhere other than upon the property of the owner, and without justification, kills another dog that results in that dog being deemed a dangerous dog under Section 15.1 of the Animal Control Act and who knowingly allows the dog to violate Section 9 of the Animal Control Act on 2 occasions within 12 months of the incident for which the dog was deemed dangerous or is involved in another incident that results in the dog being deemed dangerous on a second occasion within 24 months of the original dangerous determination.

*State Law reference- similar provision 510 ILCS 5/2.18b*

**REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE; INNOCULATION CERTIFICATE; RABIES CERTIFICATE:** A printed form prescribed by the department for the purpose of recording pertinent information as required by the department under this Act. The certificate must include the animal's species, name, breed, sex, color, identifying markers, age, weight, and microchip number (if applicable). The certificate must also include the animal owner's physical address. Any cat considered feral shall be marked "ear-tipped" on the certificate.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions 510 ILCS 5/2.19*

**RESTRAINT:** An owned animal, off the premises of its owner's real property, is under restraint within the meaning of this chapter:

- a) If it is controlled by a leash when said leash is held by a competent person;
- b) Controlled by a leash of fifty (50) feet or less during a training session conducted by a competent person;
- c) When contained within a vehicle being driven, parked, or stopped; or
- d) While utilized in the sport of hunting.

**SECURE ENCLOSURE:** A fence or structure of at least six (6) feet in height, forming or causing an enclosure suitable to prevent the entry of young children, and suitable to confine a vicious dog in conjunction with other measures which may be taken by the owner or keeper, such as tethering of a

vicious dog within the enclosure. Such enclosure shall be securely enclosed and locked and designed with secure sides, top and bottom and shall be designed to prevent the animal from escaping from the enclosure. Such enclosure must be approved by the administrator. If the enclosure is a room within a residence, it cannot have direct ingress from or egress to the outdoors unless it leads directly to an enclosed pen and the door must be locked. A vicious dog may be allowed to move about freely within the entire residence if it is muzzled at all times.

*State Law reference – Similar Provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.11A*

**SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY:** A physical injury that creates a substantial risk of death or that causes death, serious or protracted disfigurement, protracted impairment of health, impairment of the function of any bodily organ, or plastic surgery.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.19A*

**STRAY ANIMAL:** any dog or cat that is in a public place and not under the direct supervision of a keeper which has no indication of ownership such as a collar, county registration tax tag, name tag, microchip, or any other identifiers.

**STRAYING DOG OR CAT; RUNNING AT LARGE:** Any dog shall be deemed to be at large where it is off the premises of its owner's real property and not restrained or under voice control by a competent person.

**TETHERING:** To restrain a dog by tying the dog to any object or structure, including, without limitation, a house, tree, fence, post, garage, shed, (or) clothes line by any means, including, without limitation, a chain, rope, cord, leash, or running line. Tethering shall not include using a leash to walk a dog.

*State Law Reference – similar provisions, 510 ILCS 70/3*

**TNR:** Means Trap-Neuter-Return of feral cats

TNR program means the process of humanely trapping (in a live trap) community cats, bringing them to a veterinarian to be spayed or neutered, vaccinated, ear-tipped, and then returned to the same property they were trapped from.

**TOW CHAIN OR LOG CHAIN:** any chain that is more than one-quarter of an inch in width.

*State Law Reference – similar provisions, 510 ILCS 70/3*

**VICIOUS DOG:** A dog that bites a person, attacks a person or causes physical injury, serious physical injury or death or any individual dog that has been found to be a "dangerous dog" upon three (3) separate occasions or any individual dog that has killed a companion animal while off the premises of its owner.

*State Law reference – Similar provisions, 510 ILCS 5/2.19b*

**VOICE CONTROL:** The immediate recall of an animal at the sound of the voice of the owner.

## 5-1-4 RABIES CONTROL

- A. Dog or Cat Bites: Proceedings against the Owner: On all reported dog or cat bites, proceeding will be initiated against the animal's owner by the administrator or deputy administrators pursuant to 510 ILCS 5/13: Dog or Other Animal bites; Observation of Animal.
- B. The owner of any dog or other animal which exhibits symptoms of rabies and any dog or other animal in direct contact with such dog or other animal, whether or not such dog or other animal has been vaccinated, shall immediately notify the administrator, and shall promptly confine such dog or other animal, or have it confined under suitable observation for a period of at least ten (10) days unless officially authorized by the administrator in writing to release it sooner.
- C. Confinement of an animal that has bitten
  - i. When the Administrator receives information that any person has been bitten by a dog or other animal, the Administrator or his authorized representative, shall have that dog or other animal confined under the observation of a licensed veterinarian for a period of 10 days. The Department may, by regulation, permit the confinement to be reduced to a period of less than 10 days if election of euthanasia is chosen.
  - ii. The veterinarian shall report the clinical condition of the dog or other animal immediately with confirmation in writing to the Administrator within 24 hours after the dog or other animal is presented for examination, giving the owner's name, address, the date of confinement, the breed, description, age, and sex of the dog or other animal, on appropriate forms approved by the Department.
  - iii. When evidence is presented that the dog or other animal was inoculated against rabies within the time prescribed by law, it may be confined in the house of its owner, or in a manner which will prohibit it from biting any person for a period of 10 days, if the Administrator, or other licensed veterinarian, adjudges such confinement satisfactory.
  - iv. At the end of the confinement period, the dog or other animal shall be examined by the Administrator, or another licensed veterinarian. At the time of release from observation, the animal must be microchipped and such number be reported to animal control.
  - v. When a person has been bitten by a police dog that is currently vaccinated against rabies, the police dog may continue to perform its duties for the peace officer or law enforcement agency and any period of observation of the police dog may be under the supervision of a peace officer. The supervision shall consist of the dog being locked in a kennel, performing its official duties in a police vehicle, or remaining under the constant supervision of its police handler. Exams (1<sup>st</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> day) and microchipping will remain in force.
  - vi. When a person has been bitten by a search and rescue dog or a guardian/working dog that is currently vaccinated against rabies, the search and rescue dog may continue to



perform its duties for the handler or owner or agency and any period of observation of the dog may be under the supervision of its handler or owner. The supervision shall consist of the dog being locked in a kennel, performing its official duties in a vehicle, or remaining under the constant supervision of its handler or owner. Exams (1st and 10th day) and microchipping will remain in force.

- D. It is unlawful for any person having knowledge that any person or domestic animal has been bitten by a dog or other animal to refuse to notify the administrator immediately. It is unlawful for the owner of such dog or other animal to euthanize, sell, give away or otherwise dispose of any such dog or other animal known to have bitten a person until it is released by the administrator or his authorized representative. For the purpose of this section, the word “immediately” means by telephone, in person, or by some other means but does not include the use of the mail.
- E. Any expense in the handling of a dog, or any other animal under this section shall be paid for by the owner.
- F. Any person convicted of violating 510 ILCS 5/13 subsection (a-20) of The Animal Control Act is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for a first violation. A second or subsequent violation is a Class 4 felony. *State Law reference – Similar provisions 510 ILCS 5/12, 510 ILCS 5/13*

### 5-1-5 RABIES INNOCULATION (VACCINATION) & REGISTRATION

- A. Vaccination and Registration: All dogs and cats four (4) months of age or older, and all feral cats presented to a licensed veterinarian for sterilization, unless the person presenting the feral cat for care provides a vaccination certificate showing the feral cat has been vaccinated against rabies, will be properly vaccinated against rabies by a licensed veterinarian. At the time of vaccination, registration certificates will be completed by the veterinarian and forwarded to the Lee County Animal Control. Terms of subsequent vaccine administration and duration of immunity must be in compliance with USDA licenses of vaccines used. Evidence of such rabies inoculation shall be entered on a certificate the form of which shall be approved by the county board and which shall contain the microchip number of the animal if it has one and which shall be signed by the licensed veterinarian administering the vaccine. A new rabies vaccine supersedes any previous vaccine. A new rabies tag (registration) will be purchased at that time.
  - i. Registration certificates must include; the animal’s species, name, breed, sex, color, identifying markers, age, weight, and microchip number (if applicable). The certificate must also include the animal owner’s name and physical address. Certificates that are not complete will not be honored as valid certificates.
- B. Registration Fees: Registration fees shall be collected at the time of the inoculation by the veterinarian who inoculates the dog or cat. If the registration fees are not collected by the veterinarian at the time of inoculation it is the responsibility of the owner to provide

documentation of the vaccination and remit payment of the registration fees to Lee County Animal Control within 10 business days from the date of inoculation.

- i. Veterinarians authorized to collect registration fees and distribute inoculation tags on behalf of the county must remit all certificates of those animals inoculated along with all monies due to Lee County Animal Control no later than the 5th of every month following the month of inoculation. A veterinarian clinic inoculating more than 40 animals a month must remit certificates and monies due no later than the 5th and the 20th of each month.
  - ii. Veterinarians not authorized by the county to collect registration fees and distribute inoculation tags shall submit certificates of all animals inoculated no less than once every 14 calendar days.
- C. Senior Citizen Exemption: Persons sixty-five years of age or older shall be exempt from the rabies registration fees collected by the veterinarian for one dog and one cat per household.
- D. Three year Vaccination and Registration: If a dog or cat owner elects to have a three-year vaccination, a three-year registration fee will be collected at the time of registration by the veterinarian who vaccinates the dog or cat. If registration fees are not collected by the veterinarian at the time of vaccination, it is the responsibility of the owner to provide documentation of vaccination and remit payment of registration fees directly to Lee County Animal Control within ten (10) business days from the date of vaccination.
- E. Registration Fees: The cost of registration shall be set forth in the fee schedule. Any animal owner who is over 30 days past due on either the vaccination or registration portion of the requirement shall pay double the registration fee.
- F. Valid rabies inoculation tags and certificates from other counties shall be honored while the animal is in transit or while the dog is being kept in the County for thirty (30) days or less. Any dog residing in the county for more than 30 days shall be registered with Lee County Animal Control.
- G. Any dog or cat owner who relocates to Lee County must submit proof of inoculation and pay the proper registration fees within 30 business days of said residency within Lee County. This section shall not apply to veterinary clinics, state licensed animal shelters, or state licensed boarding facilities.
  - i. A licensed foster home or a state licensed boarding facility must pay registration if the animal is within the county for more than 90 days. This is not to apply to veterinary clinics, or animals kept on the physical premises of a state licensed animal shelter.
- H. Any dog or cat owner within the county must notify Lee County Animal Control within 5 business days of any transfer of ownership of their dog or cat. The owner must provide the new owner's full name, address, and phone number.

- I. Any person in Lee County accepting ownership of any cat or dog over 4 months of age whether by adoption, person to person transfer, or purchase from a breeder must remit proof of inoculation and pay the required registration fees within 10 business days of such transfer.
- J. Exhibition of Certificate on Request – At any reasonable time upon request of any law enforcement officer or animal control officer, the owner, caretaker, or keeper of any dog and/or cat shall exhibit any current, valid certificate required under the provisions of this chapter, certifying the inoculation against rabies of any dog owned or kept by him. This includes any animal being held in any foster home, training facility, boarding kennel, or breeding facility. This shall not apply to a state licensed animal shelter.
- K. Exemption from Inoculation: Pursuant to 510 ILCS 5/8 (g); (h) a licensed veterinarian may determine a companion animal should not receive a rabies vaccination. The exemption must be reported on a form approved by the Administrator and shall bear the identifying detail of said animal as well as the signature of the owner(s) and the veterinarian exempting the animal. Exemptions must be renewed one year from the date the exemption was issued, or the animal shall be vaccinated if able to receive the vaccine at that time. The owner of an exempted animal shall be required to pay the one year registration fee and a one year tag shall be issued.
- L. If an animal is not vaccinated for rabies and/or registered, such dog or cat may be impounded by the Administrator or his or her delegate and may be redeemed or disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. The owner of said animal will be responsible for all costs associated with the impoundment.

*State Law reference – Rabies Inoculation, 510 ILCS 5/8*

### 5-1-6: PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO VACCINATE AND REGISTER

Any person, who owns a dog or cat located in Lee County without proper rabies vaccination and registration pursuant to this section, shall be subject to a two-hundred dollar (\$200) fine for such violation. If the owner is in compliance before the first court appearance, the fine may be reduced to fifty dollars (\$50.00). If a second offense occurs, the fine will be doubled. Each day an animal is not vaccinated and registered may constitute a separate offense.

### 5-1-7 ANIMALS RUNNING AT LARGE

- A. Pursuant to Section 9 of the Animal Control Act, it is unlawful for any dog to run at large. Every owner of an animal shall contain such animal to the confines of the owner’s real property or keep the animal under restraint or voice command at all times when it is off the premises of the owner’s real property. No animal shall run at large. Any animal found running at large in the county may be apprehended and impounded at the Lee County Animal Control Facility.
- B. The provisions of subsection (A) shall not apply to;
  - i. Dogs being used in hunting, field trials and under the control of the owner or handler; and

- ii. Dog shows while on public lands set aside for those purposes;
  - iii. Dog parks;
  - iv. Blood hounds or other dogs used for tracking in conjunction with police activities;
  - v. Dogs of the Canine Corps of any police force, the state police, any federal law enforcement agency, or the Armed Forces while being used to conduct official business or being used for official purposes.
  - vi. **Livestock Guardian dog or Working dog that is off property for the purpose of herding animals back to their designated property.**
- C. To prevent a dog from running at large, all dogs must be under the control of a competent person who is at least 13 years of age AND or must be physically able to control the dog.
- D. Possession Of Running At Large Animals:
- i. Owner Consent Required: It shall be unlawful for any person, without the knowledge and consent of the owner, to harbor, keep, care for, feed or allow to remain on their property any running at large animal for more than 24 (twenty-four) hours or immediately, on the next business day, whichever comes first, without first reporting such possession to Lee County Animal Control and providing his or her name, address, a description of the animal, and a statement of the circumstances under which possession of the animal was obtained.
  - ii. Surrender Required: It shall be unlawful for any person who obtains possession of a running at large animal to refuse to surrender such animal to a Lee County Animal Control officer when requested to do so.
  - iii. It shall be required for any person who finds an animal running at large and who takes possession of said animal to notify Lee County Animal Control within 24 hours if no owner can be ascertained.
  - iv. It shall be unlawful for any person to transport an animal found running at large in another county or state to retain possession of said animal for a period of more than 24 hours or immediately, on the next business day, whichever comes first, within Lee County without contacting both Lee County Animal Control and the agency who has jurisdiction where the animal was found.
  - v. Each day an individual fails to comply with this section will constitute a separate offense.
- E. Penalty: Failure to follow any part of this section will result in a fine no less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00), to increase in increments of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each subsequent offense.

## 5-1-8 NOTIFICATION OF IMPOUNDMENT

When a dog or cat, with the exception of a feral cat, has been impounded, the administrator shall give written notice to the owner of the animal, if known. Such notice may be given by personal service, by leaving such notice on the main entrance of the residence of the last known address of the owner, or by certified mail to the last known address of the owner. The notice shall advise the owner that the redemption of the animal must occur no later than seven (7) business days from the impoundment of the animal. Testimony of the administrator or his/her authorized agent who delivers or mails such notice shall be evidence of the receipt of such notice by the owner of the animal.

## 5-1-9 REDEMPTION OF IMPOUNDED DOG OR CAT; FINES AND FEES

- A. Upon receiving notice from the administrator or his authorized representative, it shall be the duty of the owner or delegate of such impounded dog or cat to immediately redeem same, unless such dog or cat has been impounded for:
- i. Biting some person;
  - ii. Being afflicted with rabies;
  - iii. Being suspected of being afflicted with rabies; or
  - iv. Being a dangerous or vicious animal pursuant to this chapter
  - v. Being held as part of a suspected violation of The Humane Care for Animals Act or a violation of any section of the ordinances excluding 5-1-7
- B. If the owner of the impounded dog(s) or cat(s) desires to make redemption thereof, he shall redeem his animals within 7 business days (unless the animal is being held for reasons under 5-1-9A) of the date and time of impoundment, including weekends and holidays, by presenting to the animal control facility the following:
- i. Proof of Vaccination and Registration. Dog or cat owner must present proof of current rabies vaccine, and registration, if applicable or
  - ii. Pay Vaccination and Registration: Dog or cat owner must pay for the rabies vaccination of the animal, and registration, if applicable, and
  - iii. Payment of Fines and Fees: A dog or cat owner must pay Lee County Animal Control all applicable impound fines and fees for the period the animal was impounded, until such time as the animal is either redeemed or relinquished by the owner. Fines and Fees include:
    1. Apprehension or subsequent apprehension of the same straying dog
    2. Daily boarding, feeding, and care of the animal
    3. Other fines and fees mandated by the Animal Control Act, including, but not limited to veterinarian expenses, vaccination, flea treatment, and microchip insertion and documentation.
    4. Animals not redeemed by the owner in accordance with these provisions shall be offered for adoption or humanely euthanized as defined under the Animal Control Act.
- C. Failure to redeem an animal will result in a fine no less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) and no more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) in accordance with 5-1-17 (D)

## 5-1-10 ADOPTION POLICY

- A. A dog or cat that has been relinquished, or upon expiration of seven (7) days, including weekends and holidays from the date of impoundment, an unclaimed dog or cat which has been deemed suitable for adoption by the animal control facility, may be adopted by any person other than the owner upon payment to the animal control facility the adoption fee.

- B. The Administrator shall not adopt or release any dog or cat to anyone other than the owner unless or until the animal has been rendered incapable of reproduction and microchipped
- C. Pursuant to 225 ILCS 605/3.5 (Animal Welfare Act), the administrator shall provide to the adopter information to the best of the administrator's knowledge, on the animal offered for adoption, including the details of any vaccination or medical treatment received while in the possession of Lee County Animal Control.
- D. Lee County Animal Control shall not be responsible for the animal after adoption. There will be no guarantees or refunds with regards to adoptions and Lee County Animal Control will not accept an animal back once a period of seven (7) days has gone by since adoption.

### 5-1-11 POLICY ON EUTHANIZING

- A. Ownership unknown: If a stray dog or cat is apprehended it shall be impounded for a period of seven (7) days. If unclaimed, the dog may be euthanized unless the administrator believes the animal could be adopted out. The administrator shall use professional and humane discretion in making the decision.
- B. Ownership Known: If the owner of a straying dog or cat is known and properly notified as provided for in the Animal Control Act, it will be impounded for seven (7) days, and if unclaimed may be euthanized unless the administrator believes the animal could be adopted out. The administrator shall use professional and humane discretion in making this decision,
- C. There shall be a fee assessed for euthanasia to any known dog or cat owner who has been notified that their animals has been apprehended by Lee County Animal Control, but fails to reclaim it.
- D. Owner relinquishment: If a dog or cat owner decides to relinquish ownership of the animal to the administrator, the administrator may euthanize the animal unless the administrator believes that it could be adopted. The administrator shall use professional and humane discretion in making this decision. The owner of the animal to be relinquished shall pay the ownership relinquish fee as stated in the fee schedule.

### 5-1-12 DISTURBING NOISES

- A. Noise Prohibited: It shall be unlawful to keep or harbor a dog that barks and/or howls continuously for a period exceeding ten (10) minutes on the premises of any residence and/or business located within five hundred feet (500') of the premises of another residence and/or business within any unincorporated area of Lee County, outside the corporate limits of any city, village or town. **A Livestock Guardian Dog or Working Dog is exempt from this Section if barking for the purpose of protecting livestock/property.**
- B. Penalty: Any violation of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not less than twenty five dollars (\$25.00) not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00). Subsequent offenses will be fined minimum of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or maximum of two hundred dollars (\$200.00)

## 5-1-13 VICIOUS AND DANGEROUS DOGS

Vicious and dangerous dogs shall be subject to regulations pursuant to and as provided in the Animal Control Act (510 ILCS 5/15 et.seq)

- A. In addition to 510 ILCS 5/15 et. Seq, all owners and/or keepers of any animal found to be dangerous or vicious, shall display in a prominent place of their premises a clearly visible sign which is to be purchased through Lee County Animal Control at a cost determined in the fee schedule. Any animal found to have been deemed dangerous or vicious prior to the passing of this ordinance shall also be required to purchase a sign. Sign(s) are required to be purchased initially then every three (3) years or when the sign cannot be read at a distance of fifty (50) feet. Sign(s) are required at each entrance of the home and/or all gates on a fence barrier. If the entrance to a home is within a gated fence, that entrance will be exempt from the sign requirement. Animals deemed vicious must also display a sign on the entrance to the secure enclosure.
  - i. Once the owner of a dog deemed dangerous no longer needs to display the sign due to moving out of the county or death of the dog, signs that are in good condition with no defects may be returned to Lee County Animal Control
- B. Any dog deemed dangerous or vicious in any other state or county may not be moved into Lee County without the express, written consent of the administrator, paying the required registration fees, and purchasing the required dangerous or vicious dog sign(s).
- C. Any owner of any dog deemed dangerous or vicious may not transfer, sell, or give away any dog deemed dangerous or vicious without first:
  - i. Contacting Lee County Animal Control a minimum of 72 hours before such transfer would take place
  - ii. Providing Lee County Animal Control with the name, address, and phone number of the new owner
  - iii. Lee County Animal Control serving the new owner with a dangerous or vicious dog declaration and all conditions of housing a dangerous or vicious dog being met.
- D. When a dog is deemed dangerous the administrator may set forth reasonable restrictions to ensure the safety of the public including, but not limited to:
  - i. The dog must be muzzled when outside the confines of the residence, even if on the property of the owner
  - ii. The dog must be tethered when outside, even if within the confines of a fenced area
  - iii. The dog may not be tethered in the front yard of a home.
  - iv. The dog must be secured while in transport while in a vehicle by a tether to a secure point within the vehicle.
- E. Any dog that is declared dangerous and is found running at large contrary to 510 ILCS 5/9 or Section 5-1-7 of this ordinance shall be impounded by Lee County Animal Control and the owner's rights will be relinquished.
- F. Any owner of a dangerous or vicious dog who moves premises shall notify Lee County Animal Control within 24 hours of said move.



- G. Dangerous dog – The Lee County Animal Control office shall collect an additional annual registration fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each dog that has been declared a dangerous dog under the Illinois Animal Control Act.
- H. Vicious Dog – The Lee County Animal Control office shall collect an additional annual registration fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each dog that has been declared a vicious dog under the Illinois Animal Control Act.
- I. Any owner of a dog deemed dangerous or vicious shall not allow rabies inoculation to lapse. Any dog deemed dangerous or vicious and who does not have a current rabies inoculation will be subject to impoundment at Lee County Animal Control.
- J. Failure to comply with these requirements the Administrator shall order the dog impounded and the owner shall pay a fine of no less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and not to exceed three hundred dollars (\$300.00) fine plus impoundment fees payable to Lee County Animal Control.

### 5-1-14 ASSISTANCE FEE

There shall be a warden assistance fee for requesting the assistance of the Lee County Animal Control in tranquilizing and/or transporting an animal to the veterinarian. The fee shall be set forth in the fee schedule.

### 5-1-15 POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS DOG

- A. Potentially dangerous dog. A dog found running at large and unsupervised with 3 or more other dogs may be deemed a potentially dangerous dog by the animal control warden or administrator.
- B. Any dog that on two (2) separate occasions while off property and not under the owner's restraint or voice control bites another companion animal or human and does not cause serious bodily harm.
- C. Potentially dangerous dogs shall be spayed or neutered and microchipped within 14 days of the dog being declared potentially dangerous. The designation of "potentially dangerous dog" shall expire 12 months after the most recent violation of this Section.
- D. Failure to comply with this Section will result in impoundment of the dog and/or a fine of no less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and no more than three hundred dollars (\$300.00)

*State Law Reference- similar provision (510 ILCS 5/15.4)*

### 5-1-16 RECKLESS DOG OWNER

The Administrator, State's Attorney, Director, or any citizen may file a complaint in circuit court to determine whether a person is a reckless dog owner. If an owner is determined to be a reckless dog owner by clear and convincing evidence, the court shall order the immediate impoundment and forfeiture of all dogs the reckless dog owner has a property right in. Forfeiture may be to any licensed shelter, rescue, or sanctuary. The court shall further prohibit the property right ownership of a dog by the person determined to be a reckless dog owner for a period of at least 12 months, but not more than 36 months for the first reckless dog owner determination.



- A. A dog's history during ownership by a person found to be a reckless dog owner shall not be considered conclusive of the dog's temperament and qualification for adoption or transfer. The dog's temperament shall be independently evaluated by a person qualified to conduct behavioral assessments and, if the dog is deemed adoptable, the receiving facility shall make a reasonable attempt to place the dog in another home, transfer the dog to rescue, or place the dog in a sanctuary.
- B. A person who refuses to forfeit a dog under this Section is in violation which carries a public safety fine of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each dog. The fine shall be deposited into the Pet Population Control Fund. Each day a person fails to comply with forfeiture or prohibition ordered under this Section shall constitute a separate offense.

*State law reference- similar provisions (510 ILCS 5/15.5)*

## 5-1-17 HUMANE CARE FOR ANIMALS

- A. No person shall be permitted to keep animals in violation of the Humane Care for Animal Act (510 ILCS 70/1 et seq.) or the Animal Welfare Act (225 ILCS 605/1 et seq.).
- B. No owner shall fail to provide his/her animal with:
  - i. Adequate Food
  - ii. Adequate Water
  - iii. Adequate Shelter: means a moisture proof structure which has 4 sides, a roof, floor, and bedding of suitable size to allow the pet to stand up, lie down, and turn around in a natural position and allow retention of body heat, made of durable material with a solid floor raised off the ground as to not allow water to pool in the structure and with the entrance protected from direct wind and rain. The shelter shall be placed to provide shade from the sun and protection from the weather.
  - iv. Adequate care: Regular and sufficient veterinary care to prevent suffering and maintain health.
  - v. No person shall keep any animal within a building or upon any premises without food, water, or proper care and attention for a period of time sufficient to cause undue discomfort or suffering. If the owner cannot be located after reasonable search, or if the owner shall be known to be absent due to injury, illness, incarceration or other involuntary circumstances, it shall be the duty of the Administrator or a Humane Investigator to act upon the complaint as directed by the Humane Care for Animals Act (510 ILCS 70/1 et seq.).
  - vi. A dog may not be left in a crate for an extended period of time that causes undue discomfort for the dog
  - vii. No animal may be confined in such a manner that it must lie in its' own excrement.
- C. Restrictions on tethering a dog: It shall be unlawful for an owner to tether a dog outdoors unless the following conditions are met:
  - viii. A tethered dog must have access at all times to water, adequate shelter, and dry ground.
  - ix. If there are multiple dogs, each dog must be tethered separately and each dog must have separate food, water and shelter.

- x. A dog must be tethered in such a manner as to prevent injury, strangulation or entanglement, and the tether must be at least ten (10) feet long.
- xi. The tether must be attached to the dog by a properly fitting collar or harness with a rotating toggle attachment. Pinch, prong, or choke collars shall not be used. The tether shall not wrap directly around the dog's neck.
- xii. No dog shall be tethered with a log chain or a tow chain.
- xiii. Tether may not exceed 1/8 of the weight of the dog being tethered
- xiv. No dog shall be tethered in such a manner so as to allow it to reach within five (5) feet on public property or public right-of-way, such as a sidewalk or street.
- xv. No dog may be tethered in the case of extreme weather conditions, including when a heat advisory, a wind chill warning or tornado warning has been issued by local, state, or national authority.

D. Abandonment of animal unlawful

- i. No owner shall knowingly abandon any animal where it may become a public charge or may suffer injury, hunger or exposure.
- ii. It is unlawful to surrender a person's own animal as a stray dog or cat or to present a dog or cat whose owner is known as an unknown dog or cat for the purpose of surrendering the animal.
- iii. Any animal whose owner is known and does not reclaim said animal from impound or sign an owner relinquish form and pay the required fee is guilty of abandoning an animal.
- iv. Any person in violation of this section shall be fined no less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) and no more than five hundred (\$500.00).

## 5-1-18 HOARDING

- A. No person may possess, lodge, or maintain companion animals if such a person displays a general disregard for the conditions under which the animals are living, including, but not limited to, failing to provide all of the following to all of the companion animals in his care: adequate food, water, shelter, and care as set forth in the Illinois Humane Care for Animals Act.
- B. Upon conviction for companion animal hoarding, the court may order the person to do any or all of the following:
  - i. Be precluded from owning, harboring, or having custody or control of companion animals for a period of time that the court deems reasonable.
  - ii. Participate in available animal cruelty prevention program(s) or educational program(s), or both.
  - iii. Undergo a behavioral health evaluation and comply with any recommendations resulting from the evaluation.
  - iv. Forfeit to Lee County Animal Control animals that are the basis of conviction.
  - v. Sterilize the companion animals, with sterilization being mandatory upon a second violation.

- vi. Pay appropriate fees and fines.
- C. Any person violating or aiding in the violation of any provision of this section, or resisting, obstructing, impeding the animal control authority or any authorized officer in enforcing this section, shall be fined no less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) or no more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

*State Law Reference, similar provisions 510 ILCS 70/2.10*

### 5-1-19 NUISANCE DOG

- A. A dog may be declared a nuisance when any of the following conditions are met:
  - i. Any dog found to be at large six (6) or more times in a rolling calendar year.
  - ii. Any citations issued by a municipal entity within the county shall count towards the number of times a dog has been at large.
  - iii. Impoundment shall count against the number of times the dog has been at large
  - iv. Any dog whether alone or in a pack with other dogs, threatens, bites, attacks, or preys on human beings, game animals, domestic animals, or fowl
- B. A dog declared a nuisance must be turned over to Lee County Animal Control and the owner's rights will be relinquished.

### 5-1-20 NUISANCE DOG OWNER

Excessive or habitual violations.

- A. When a pet owner has three or more violations of the same type or violations in combination, regarding one or more pets, the administrator may have one or more such pets removed from an owner or custodian and placed for adoption, or otherwise dispose of such animals in a humane manner.
- B. When the violation is regarding inhumane treatment of animals, the administrator may deem the owner unfit and ban from owning or having pets in his/her care for a set period of time. After that time has elapsed, he/she will again be allowed to own or care for animals after a thorough investigation by an animal control officer or state humane investigator
- C. When an owner has been banned from owning or having animals in his/her care; information shall be provided to all other animal control officers, shelters, and humane investigators.

*State law reference 510 ILCS 5/2.16*

### 5-1-21 VIOALTIONS OF THE HUMANE CARE FOR ANIMALS ACT

Upon receiving a complaint of a suspected violation of Section 70/3-70/3.03 of the Humane Care for Animal Act 510 ILCS 70/10, the animal control Administrator, or his or her authorized representative, or any law enforcement officer may, for the purpose of investigating the allegations of the complaint, enter during normal business hours upon any premises where the animal or animals described in the complaint are housed or kept, provided such entry shall not be made into any building which is a person's residence, except by search warrant or court order. When the animal control Administrator finds that a violation of Sections 70/3-70/3.03 Of the Humane Care for Animal

Act has rendered an animal in such a condition that no remedy or corrective action by the owner is possible, the animal may be impounded. If impounded, the animal shall be impounded in a facility or at another location where the elements of good care as set forth in Section 3 of the Humane Care for Animals Act can be provided and where such animals shall be examined and treated by a licensed veterinarian or, if the animal is severely injured, diseased, or suffering, humanely euthanized. Any expense incurred in the impoundment shall become the responsibility of the owner of the animal.

## 5-1-22 DEAD ANIMALS PROHIBITED

Lee County Animal Control adopts all regulations of the Illinois Dead Animal Disposal Act (225 ILCS Part 90, Section 90.110)

- A. The owner or keeper of an animal shall be responsible for the disposal of such animal's remains on its death, from whatever cause, and regardless of the location of the remains of such animal.
- B. Animal remains shall be disposed of:
  - i. By burial beneath at least 18 inches of compacted soil on the property of the animals' owner or keeper or any other location, with the express permission of the owner of the property;
  - ii. By cremation in a licensed crematorium; or
  - iii. By or through a licensed veterinarian.
- C. Animal control officers may issue a written notice to any owner or keeper who has failed to properly dispose of the remains of an animal as prescribed herein. Such person shall have 24 hours from receipt of such notice to properly dispose of such remains. The notice shall be served on the violator personally or by leaving such notice at his usual place of abode with some person of the family, of the age of 13 years or older and informing that person of the contents thereof.
- D. Any person found guilty of this section in shall pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00), or more than three hundred dollars (\$300.00)

## 5-1-23 LITTERS OF PUPPIES AND KITTENS

- A. No individual, breeder, or kennel operator, or business entity may sell, give away, or otherwise separate any puppy or kitten 8 weeks of age or younger from its mother or its littermates. (*State Law Reference 225 ILCS 605/2.2*)
  - i. Separation from the mother can be done under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian when doing so is in the best interest of both the mother and the litter. The littermates must stay together until the age of 8 weeks.
- B. For any person violating or aiding in the violation of any provision of this section, or resisting, obstructing, impeding the animal control authority or any authorized officer in enforcing this section, shall be fined no less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or no more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per occurrence.

## 5-1-24 BREEDER ANNUAL PERMIT AND FEES

- A. The owner of any female animal in heat (estrus) shall confine such animal in a building or secure enclosure and shall attend the animal in such a manner that such female animal cannot come into contact with a male of the same species except for planned breeding.
- B. More than Five (5) Females. A breeder who owns, has possession of, or harbors more than five (5) females capable of reproduction, and who sells, offers to sell, exchanges, or offers for adoption with or without charge dogs or cats that he or she has produced and raised, shall obtain a license from the Illinois Department of Agriculture. 225 ILCS 605/3(a)
- C. Three (3) to Five (5) Females. A breeder who owns, has possession of, or harbors a least three (3) but not more than (5) females capable of reproduction, and sells, offers to sell, exchanges, or offers for adoption with or without charge, two or more litters of dogs or cats per year that he or she has produced or raised, shall obtain a breeder's permit with Lee County Animal Control.
- D. Breeder Permit Application. In order to receive a breeder permit, the owner must complete a breeder permit application. The breeder application must be approved, and a permit issued by Lee County Animal Control before anyone can breed a dog. Once the breeder application is submitted, Lee County Animal Control will review it and, if approved, a breeder permit will be mailed to the applicant after 30 days. The breeder permit is good for one year from the date of issue and must be renewed annually. The permit is not transferable to another person.
- E. Fees. A twenty- five dollar (\$25.00) annual fee must be paid in order to receive the permit.
- F. Permit Qualifications. The applicant for a breeder's permit shall not have been found guilty of more than three violations of the Lee County Animal Control ordinances within the previous three years from the date of application. If a breeder is found to be guilty of violating any portion of the Lee County Ordinances more than three times, their permit will be immediately revoked and animals will be surrendered to Lee County Animal Control. Owners shall not own, possess, or harbor any dogs or cats for a period of three years.
- G. An applicant for a breeder permit shall provide proof that the premises is located in an area with proper zoning or have received a variance from the proper authority.
- H. Responsibilities. Dog and cat breeders must comply with the county's animal control ordinance, including the rabies vaccination, registration and microchipping laws of this county and applicable state and federal regulations.
- I. Holders of a breeder permit shall must comply with the Lee County Animal Control Ordinance and all applicable state and federal regulations, including, but not limited to:
  - i. Inoculations (vaccination) and microchipping.
    - 1. All dogs and/or cats over four months of age must be inoculated against rabies and registered pursuant to this article.
    - 2. All dogs and cats must be microchipped pursuant to this article.
  - ii. Humane care and treatment of animals by breeders.
    - 1. All dogs and/or cats must be provided with a continuous supply of fresh water, sufficient food to maintain acceptable body weight, proper shelter, protection from the weather and sufficient veterinary care to prevent suffering.

- i. Reporting requirements. All permitted breeders shall provide information to the administrator on sales, adoptions, source, dispositions, microchip numbers and ownership of puppies or kittens within five (5) business days of the sale, adoption, source, or disposition.
- I. Any person violating or aiding in the violation of any provision of this section, or resisting, obstructing, impeding the animal control authority or any authorized officer in enforcing this section, shall be fined no less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or no more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per occurrence.

### 5-1-25 LIVESTOCK RUNNING AT LARGE

No person or owner of livestock shall allow livestock to run at large. All owners of livestock shall provide the necessary restraints to prevent such livestock from running at large. A notice of violation of this ordinance shall be given to the person or owner of the livestock running at large if known and a maximum of 24 hours may be granted in which to make the necessary corrections if the violation is an accidental occurrence and an investigation reveals no identifiable individual at fault. **A Livestock or Working dog that is off property for the purpose of herding the animals back to their designated property is exempt from this Section.** Violation of this section is a minimum fine of one hundred dollar (\$100.00) to increase by fifty dollar (\$50.00) with each subsequent offense.

*State Law Reference-Similar Provision 510 ILCS 55*

### 5-1-26 FOSTER HOMES

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate as a foster home within Lee County without possessing the proper licenses pursuant to (225 ILCS 605/3.2) of the Animal Welfare Act.
- B. All licensed foster homes must remit a copy of their license to Lee County Animal Control.
- C. All person's responsible for any animal in their possession as a foster home, must be able to produce a rabies certificate upon request to Lee County Animal Control.
- D. It shall be unlawful for any person to present themselves as a foster home to another member of the public without holding the proper license to operate such home.
- E. Any violation of this section will result in a fine no less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) to increase by fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each subsequent offense

### 5-1-27 NUISANCE WILDLIFE REMOVAL

Any person wishing to remove nuisance wildlife from his or her property must obtain a license or permit from the Illinois Department of Natural Resources or hire a licensed wildlife trapper. Lee County Animal Control does not remove wildlife but have resources to contact Illinois Department of Natural Resources and licensed trappers.

## 5-1-28 TRAPPING PROHIBITED

It shall be unlawful to trap cats for relocation within Lee County, Illinois. Violation of this ordinance will result in a fine of no less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and no more than three hundred dollars (\$300.00).

## 5-1-29 DUTIES AND POWERS

- A. It shall be the duty of the Administrator or the Deputy Administrator, through sterilization, humane education, rabies inoculation, stray control, impoundment, quarantine, and any other means deemed necessary, to control and prevent the spread of rabies and to exercise dog and cat overpopulation control. It shall also be the duty of the Administrator to investigate and substantiate all claims made under Section 19 of this Act. The duty may include return, adoption, transfer to rescues or other animal shelters, and any other means of ensuring live outcomes of homeless dogs and cats and through sterilization, community outreach, impoundment of pets at risk and any other humane means deemed necessary to address strays and ensure live outcomes for dogs and cats that are not a danger to the community or suffering irretrievably.
- B. Counties may by ordinance determine the extent of the police powers that may be exercised by the Administrator, Deputy Administrators, and Animal Control Wardens, which powers shall pertain only to this Act. The Administrator, Deputy Administrators, and Animal Control Wardens may issue and serve citations and orders for violations of this Act. The Administrator, Deputy Administrators, and Animal Control Wardens may not carry weapons unless they have been specifically authorized to carry weapons by county ordinance. Animal Control Wardens, however, may use tranquilizer guns and other nonlethal weapons and equipment without specific weapons authorization.
  - i. A person authorized to carry firearms by county ordinance under this subsection must have completed the training course for peace officers prescribed in the Peace Officer and Probation Officer Firearm Training Act. The cost of this training shall be paid by the county.
- C. The sheriff and all sheriff's deputies and municipal police officers shall cooperate with the Administrator and his or her representatives in carrying out the provisions of this Act.
- D. The Administrator and animal control wardens shall aid in the enforcement of the Humane Care for Animals Act and have the ability to impound animals and apply for security posting for violation of that Act.

*State law-similar provisions 510 ILCS 5/5*

## 5-1-30 ENFORCEMENT

Right of entry; inspections; refusal to deliver dog or other animal – The administrator, or his authorized representative, or any officer of the law may enter upon private premises, provided that entry is not made into any building that is a person's residence to apprehend a straying dog or other animal, a dangerous dog, or other animal, or a dog or other animal thought to be infected with rabies. If, after request by the administrator or his authorized representative, the owner of such dog or other animal shall refuse to deliver the dog or other animal to the officer, the owner shall be in violation of this chapter.



### 5-1-31 ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ACCIDENT, INJURY, OR DISEASE

Lee County, the Administrator, Animal Control officers, employees or anyone enforcing provisions of this ordinance shall not be held responsible for any accident, injury, disease, or death that may happen to any animal.

### 5-1-32 ISSUANCE OF CITATIONS TO PERSONS IN VIOLATION

- A. Lee County animal control officers are authorized to issue citations on a reasonable belief that any person has violated any provision of this Chapter or the Illinois Animal Control Act. Violations of the county ordinance shall be punishable by a fine of not less than twenty five (\$25.00) dollars nor more than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00).
- B. Citations shall be issued personally to the violator or left with a family member of at least 13 years of age at the home of the violator.
- C. Persons issuing citations shall ensure that a copy of the citation is filed at the Lee County Courthouse on the same day that the citation is issued or as soon as practical after issuance of such citation unless otherwise stated that fines/fees be paid to Lee County Animal Control.
- D. Any citation issued for a violation of this Ordinance shall be given a court date for at least 21 days from the date the citation was written.

### 5-1-33 PAYMENT TO AVOID PROSECUTION

- A. Upon receipt, a citation alleging a violation of any section of this Ordinance, the violation fine may be paid at Lee County Animal Control, provided that the said amount is paid within 10 days of the date the citation was issued.
- B. After the 10 day period to pay the fines had expired, the citation shall be immediately turned over to the Lee County States Attorney for prosecution and the defendant shall be required to appear in court on the date provided on the citation

PASSED BY THE LEE COUNTY BOARD

THIS \_\_\_\_ DAY OF \_\_\_\_\_, 2022

BY: \_\_\_\_\_

Lee County Board Chairman



BY: \_\_\_\_\_  
Lee County Clerk

ATTEST: